

tests which in the reviewer's experience can be done quite easily with these tables. These tables permitting detailed small sample comparisons between parametric and nonparametric tests are a major contribution to research in mathematical statistics.

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89[12].—JAMES A. SAXON, HERMAN S. ENGLANDER & WILLIAM R. ENGLANDER, *System 360 Programming*, Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, N. J., 1968, vii + 231 pp., 27 cm. Price \$5.75 (Paper bound).

This is a self-instruction manual designed by the authors to enable the beginning programmer to become acquainted with the elements of IBM 360 programming. In addition to being suitable for self-study, this manual could also be used in the class situation.

After each topic is covered, there is a "work area." The answers to questions in this section are found on the back of the page so that the correct answers are not seen until the page is physically turned.

The reader is immediately introduced to the current nomenclature of bits, bytes, words and the hexadecimal system, etc. so that a previous exposure to programming is definitely helpful and is, in fact, recommended.

As the authors rightly state, the reader will not become an expert computer programmer after having studied this book, but it is fair to add that it provides a well designed course which most intelligent folk will find both challenging and rewarding.

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